

WHAT TO DO IF YOU THINK YOUR CHILD HAS DYSLEXIA



SIGNS

that could mean your child is dyslexic:

Difficulty Reading | Difficulty Writing | Difficulty Spelling

At school :

- Talk with your child's teachers and the school counselor.
- Ask for an evaluation in writing. The school has 60 days to respond to this request.
- The school may use terms like Specific Learning Disability (SLD) or Reading Disability instead of dyslexia.

Outside of school :

- Consult a reading specialist for an evaluation.

WHAT TO DO IN THAT CASE

FOLLOW THESE STEPS IF DYSLEXIA, SLD OR READING DISABILITY IS DIAGNOSED

1

Talk to your child's teachers and the school counselor about a 504 plan or IEP.



2

Decide which accommodations will be best for your child and make sure that they are included in your child's 504 plan or IEP.

504 plan

kids who have dyslexia are allowed to use certain accommodations...

3

Start reading therapy for your child. This may be offered by the school or by a reading specialist outside of school.



4

Speak with your child's new teachers and the school counselor at the beginning of each year to discuss the accommodations that have worked well for your child. Ask to continue with those and/or add ones you think will work for the coming year.



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